

Synthetic biology: the complexity of the policy implications

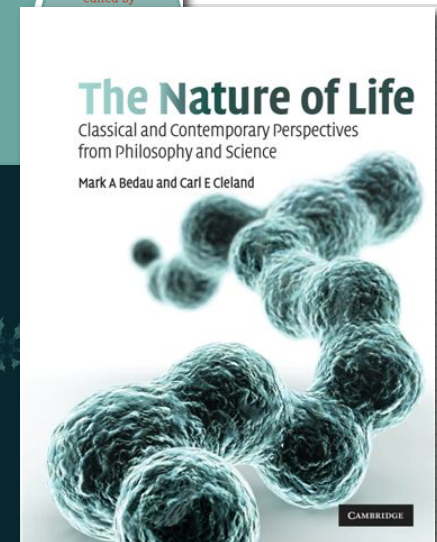
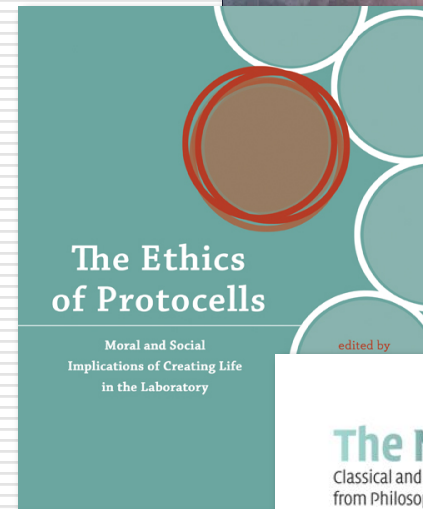
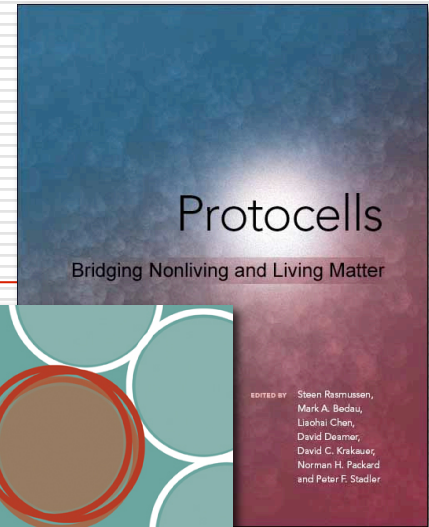
Mark A. Bedau

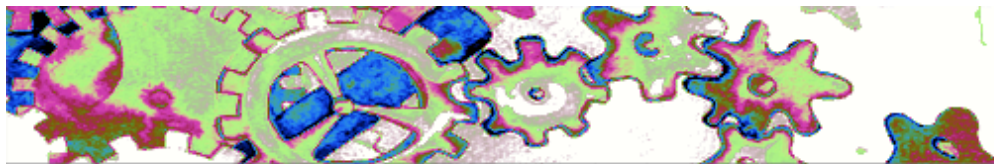
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Who am I?

- ❑ Ph.D. Philosophy, UC Berkeley
- ❑ Professor of Philosophy, Reed College
- ❑ Editor-in-Chief, *Artificial Life*
- ❑ Co-Founder & COO, ProtoLife, Inc.
- ❑ Co-Founder & Director, ISSP
 - Initiative for Science, Society, and Policy
 - www.science-society-policy.org




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The BioBricks Foundation (BBF) is a not-for-profit organization founded by engineers and scientists from MIT, Harvard, and UCSF with significant experience in both non-profit and commercial biotechnology research. BBF encourages the development and responsible use of technologies based on BioBrick™ standard DNA parts that encode basic biological functions.

Using BioBrick™ standard biological parts, a synthetic biologist or biological engineer can already, to some extent, program living organisms in the same way a computer scientist can program a computer. The DNA sequence information and other characteristics of BioBrick™ standard biological parts are made available to the public free of charge currently via MIT's [Registry of Standard Biological Parts](#).

News

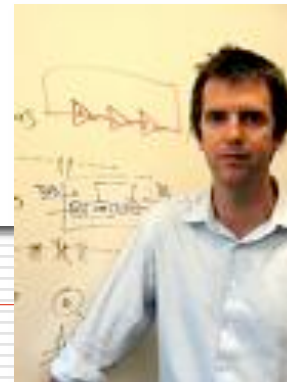
- **Technical Standards, Legal, SB4.0, and Volunteer Mailing Lists are open, [sign up today!](#)**
- **Technical & Legal Standards Workshop 2, [March 1, 2008, San Francisco, CA](#)**
- **SB4.0, [Fourth International Meeting on Synthetic Biology,](#)**

BioBricks vision

- make biology into engineering
- standard parts, plug and play, predictable behavior

"... Engineers hate complexity. I hate emergent properties. I like simplicity. I don't want the plane I take tomorrow to have some emergent properties while it is flying..."

(www.edge.org; Engineering Biology: a talk with Drew Endy, 2008)



limitations of BioBricks

- even simple living systems are complex
 - molecules mixed together in a soup
 - nonlinearity, synergy
 - emergent properties abound

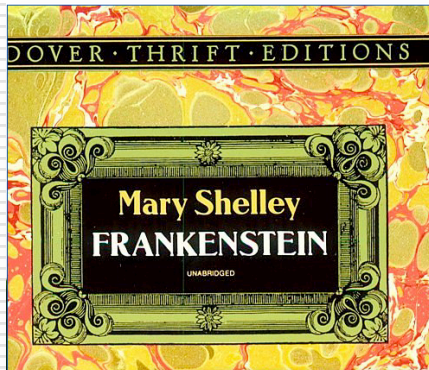
- need to remake engineering to fit biology
 - living beings are not like clocks or integrated circuits



powerful because life-like

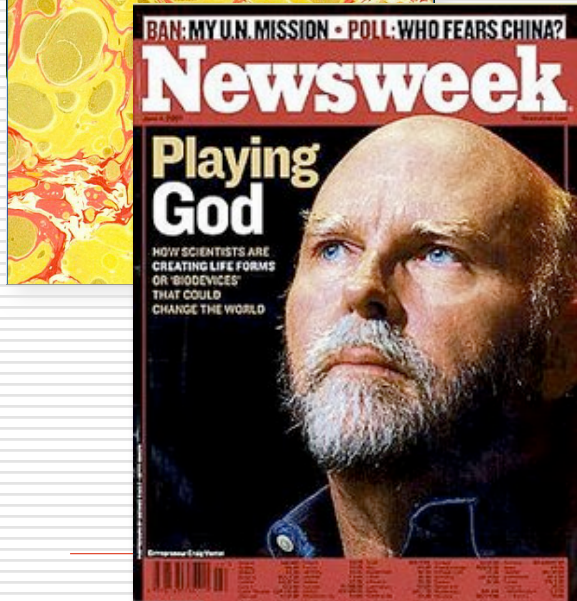
risky because life-like

playing God



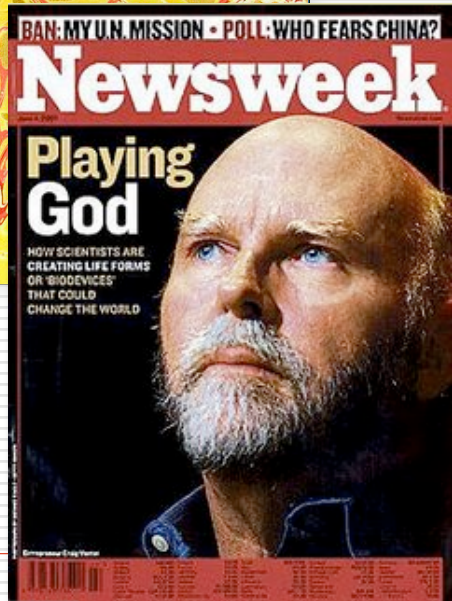
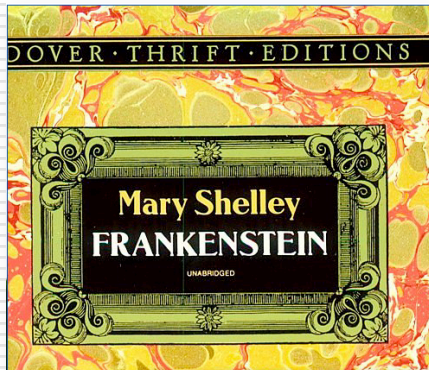
“We don’t play.”

— Hamilton Smith, responding to an interviewer asking if he and colleagues are playing God



- many dismiss this worry
 - religions disagree
 - separate church and state
 - we *should* play God
 - “I don’t believe in God”

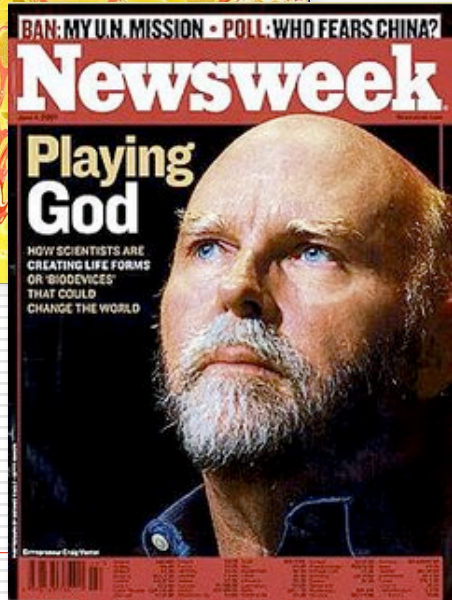
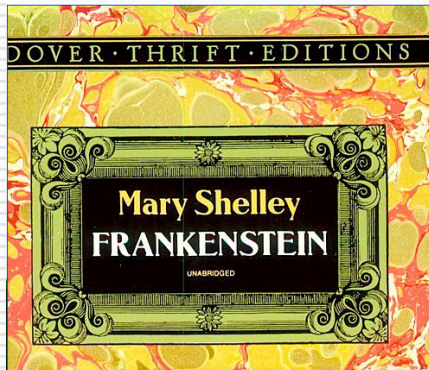
playing God



- we should think twice
 - unpredictable and powerful consequences

- do we ...
 - understand the consequences?
(omniscient)
 - evaluate alternatives properly?
(omnibenevolent)
 - fix problems that arise?
(omnipotent)

playing God



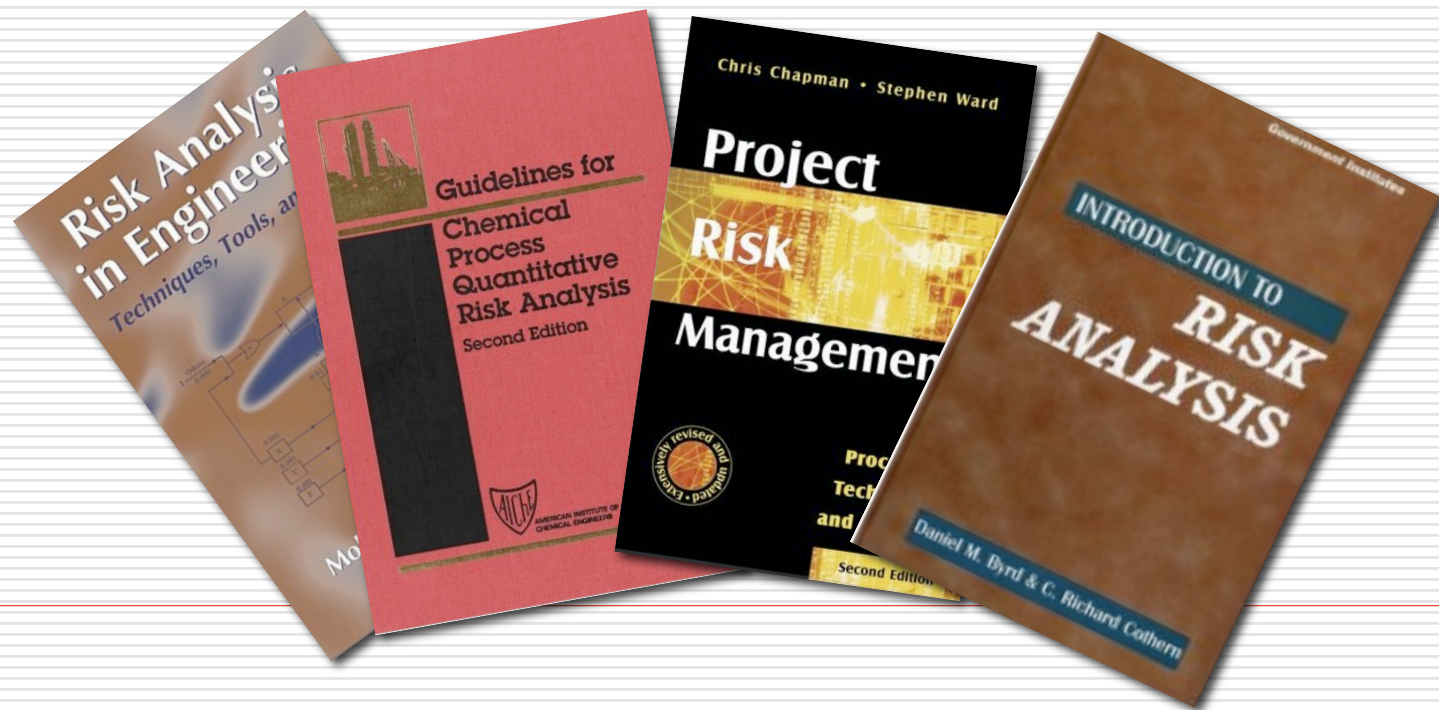
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**“Don’t worry! We already know
how to address any real worries!”**

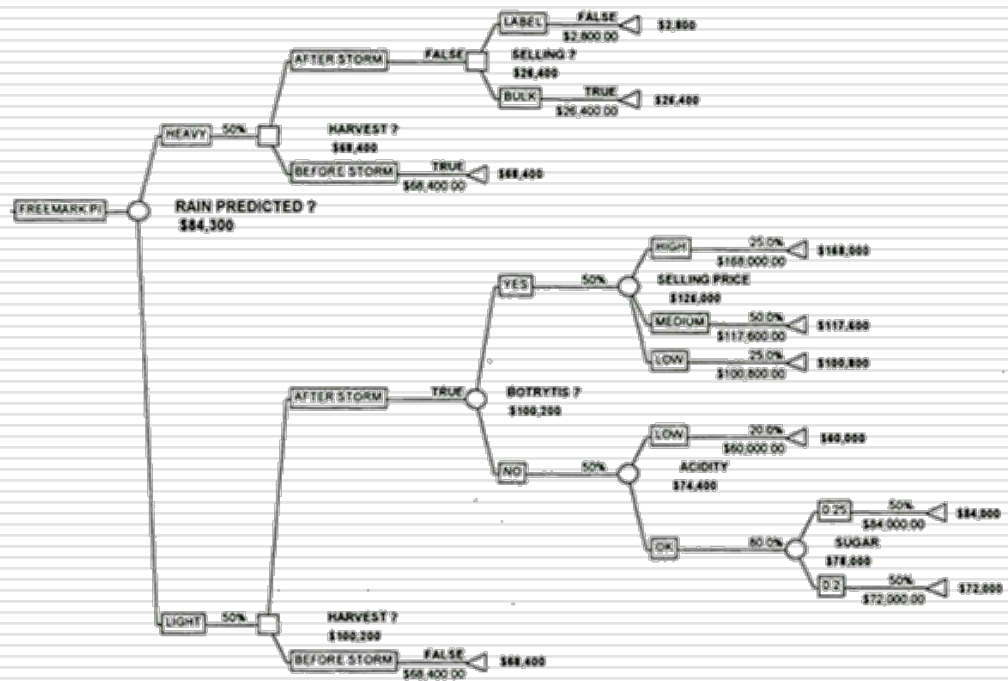
risk analysis

- weigh alternatives, assess uncertainties
 - maximize expected benefit/cost



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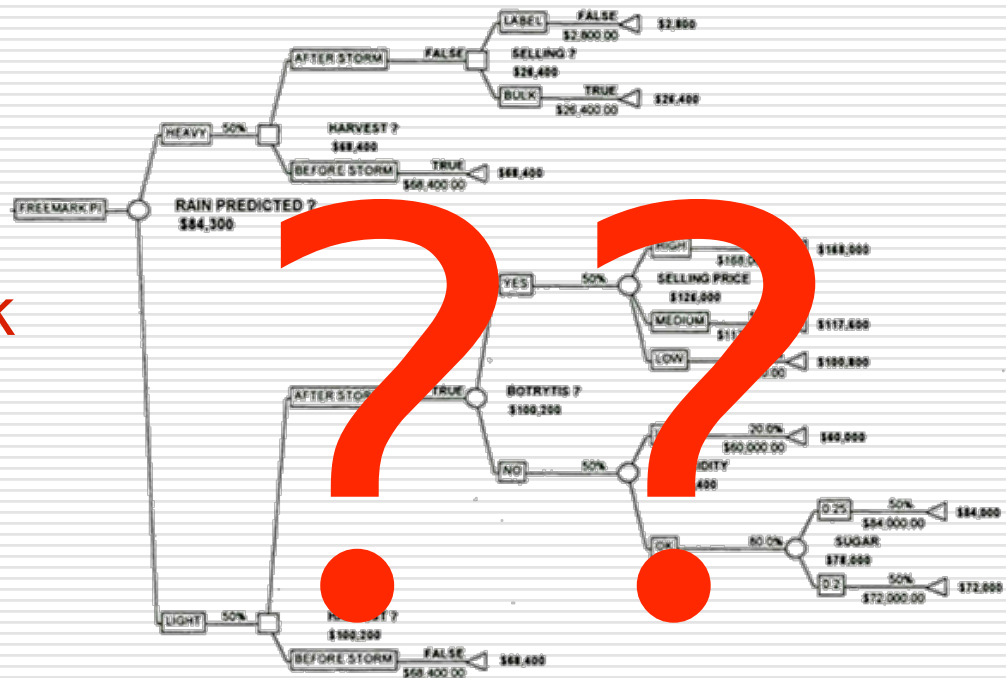


risk analysis

- weigh alternatives, assess uncertainties
 - maximize expected benefit/cost

problem

- deciding in the dark



coping with complexity

- scientists need to be engaged
 - engineering emergent systems
 - rethink risk analysis
- scientists have social responsibility
 - reform science education
 - promote informed discussion among stakeholders, policy makers, and general public

